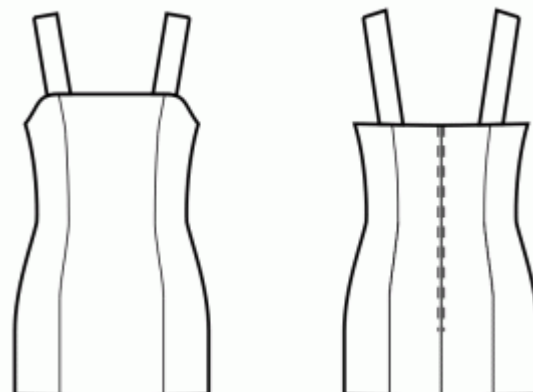# Sewing Pattern #2200961

Dress - Fitted - Micro length - Straight top edge - No top decoration - No front closure - Dress without waist seam - No waist seam, straight skirt - Princess front seam: top to waist - Back princess seam top to waist - Wide Straps

Note on seam allowances:

  - If the pattern has double contour the seam allowances are included.

  - If the pattern has single contour, the seam allowances are NOT included and need to be added when laying out the pattern.

Note on length of fabric:

Attention! The amount of fabric needed for your pattern is not included. It will depend on the selected pattern size, the width, and design of the fabric you plan to use. You are welcome to use the Online Fabric Estimator to make calculations. Alternatively, print all the paper patterns and lay them out at the width of fabric you plan to use (usually from 90 to 150 cm). Measure how much fabric you will need. Don't forget to account for pieces that need to be cut multiple times and pieces that are cut on the fold.

PRINTING:

Please use Adobe Reader software to open your PDF pattern. You can get Adobe Reader free of charge at this link - https://get.adobe.com/reader/.

Make sure you print your patterns at actual size (100%% scale or None) and on single sides of plain A4 paper. Verify that the print out size is to the correct scale by measuring the test square on the first page. The upper edge of the square features a centimeter scale, and the bottom edge features an inch scale.

Trim top and/or right margin of the pages where you see the scissors symbols. In the center of each page, the number of row and column is printed, separated by / sign. Construct layout pages according to these marks (for example, page marked 2/3 is in the second row and in the third column). Align pages using margins and tape or glue together.

CUTTING:

Note on cutting:

Lay out your pieces according to straight of grain as marked on the pattern pieces.

Some pieces will be cut on the fold, the corresponding edge will then be marked with a fold mark. Kindly pay attention to notes regarding type of fabric and quantity of required pieces on a block. For example, [Main, Interfacing - cut 1+1] on a pattern piece means that you need to cut 1 piece as is and 1 mirrored piece from the main fabric as well as from interfacing.

Make sure to mark all notches and other design features such as pleats etc. from the pattern piece onto your fabric. When sewing the garment, pay attention to notches, they must match up.

* The capital letters in brackets correspond to pattern blocks as seen in Online Fabric Estimator and in pattern blocks preview on the right.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. **Recommended fabric for your sewing pattern:**

- Cotton (lightweight to medium-weight, no elastane)
- Linen (lightweight to medium-weight, no elastane)
- Rayon (lightweight, no elastane)
- Chambray (lightweight, no elastane)
- Cotton Lawn (lightweight, no elastane, note: may be transparent)
- Cotton Sateen (medium-weight, no elastane)
- Viscose (lightweight, no elastane)
- Polyester-Cotton Blend (lightweight to medium-weight, may contain elastane)
- Polyester-Rayon Blend (lightweight to medium-weight, may contain elastane)
- Polyester-Linen Blend (lightweight to medium-weight, may contain elastane)

2. **Preparing the Fabric:**

a. **Prewash the Fabric:**
  ○ Before starting your sewing project, it's essential to prewash the fabric to remove any sizing or shrinkage.
  ○ Follow the fabric's care instructions for washing and drying.
b. **Dry and Iron:**
  ○ After prewashing, dry the fabric according to the care instructions.
  ○ Once dry, iron the fabric to remove any wrinkles and ensure it's smooth and flat.
c. **Check Fabric Edges and Salvage Edge:**
  ○ Examine the edges of the fabric piece to ensure they are even and not cut in a slanted line.
  ○ If the fabric is cut at an angle, take this into account when calculating the yardage needed.
  ○ Do not include the salvage edge (the rough edge) into the calculations, as it may affect the look of the garment.
d. **Use the Online Yardage Tool at Sewist.com:**
  ○ Visit Sewist.com and use the online yardage tool to estimate the amount of fabric required for your sewing pattern.
  ○ Input the necessary measurements and details to get an accurate yardage estimate.
e. **Check Sewing Pattern Instructions:**
  ○ Review the sewing pattern instructions to determine the number of fabric pieces to cut and if any of them

need to be cut on the fold.

- ◦ Take note of any seam allowances on the edge of the fold line. If the seam allowance extends beyond the fold line, ignore it.

f. **Language Options:**

- ◦ If you need the sewing pattern instructions in German, French, Spanish, Italian, or Russian, you can download them from the sewing pattern page at Sewist.com.
- ◦ Simply go to the gallery, type in the design number, and proceed to the sewing pattern page.

g. **Choose Your Cutting Method:**

1. (Option 1)
   - ▪ Print out the sewing pattern and tape the pages together to create the pattern pieces.
   - ▪ Place the sewing pattern pieces on the fabric and use weights to keep them from shifting.
   - ▪ Consider marking the outlines with a water-soluble or heat-erasable marker, transferring all marks and notches, and paying attention to the width of the seam allowances.
2. (Option 2)
   - ▪ If you have an iPhone, you can use the augmented reality sewing pattern with the VectAR app.
   - ▪ Download the app and print out the marker page, then follow the manual at [Sewist.com - VectAR Manual](#) to use the AR sewing pattern.

3. Apply fusible interfacing according to the Cutting instructions. Lay out your main fabric on the ironing board with the wrong side of the fabric up. Place the interfacing on top with the adhesive facing down. Place a pressing cloth over the top. Apply fusible interfacing in stages, covering a certain area at a time. Hold the iron over the fabric for about 10 seconds. Keep the iron still so that the fabric layers don't move around. Lift the iron and proceed to the next area. Leave it to cool a little before moving onto the next stage.

4. **Attaching the Front Pieces**

1. Match and Pin: Take the Front Side pieces and place them onto the Front Center piece, right sides together. Match the curved edges carefully. Use pins to secure them in place.
2. Sew the Seams: Starting from the top, where the curves meet, use your sewing machine to stitch down along the curved seam. Remove the pins as you sew and be sure to backstitch at the beginning and end for extra security.
3. Clip the Curves: After sewing, you'll notice that the curved seam has some excess fabric. To help it lay flat, make small, careful cuts into the seam allowance along the curve. But be cautious not to cut into the actual seam you just stitched.
4. Finish the Seams: To keep the fabric edges from fraying, finish the seams. This can be done with a serger if you have one, or you can use a zigzag stitch on your regular sewing machine.
5. Press the Seams: To make everything neat and tidy, press the seam allowance towards the center of the Front piece. Pressing gives your sewing a polished look.
6. Treat as One Piece: Now that you've successfully joined the Front Side and Back Front pieces, consider them as a single Front piece for your future sewing steps.

5. **Attaching the Back Pieces**

1. Match and Pin: Take the Back Side pieces and place them onto the Back Center piece, right sides together. Match the curved edges carefully. Use pins to secure them in place.
2. Sew the Seams: Starting from the top, where the curves meet, use your sewing machine to stitch down

along the curved seam. Remove the pins as you sew and be sure to backstitch at the beginning and end for extra security.

3. Clip the Curves: After sewing, you'll notice that the curved seam has some excess fabric. To help it lay flat, make small, careful cuts into the seam allowance along the curve. But be cautious not to cut into the actual seam you just stitched.
4. Finish the Seams: To keep the fabric edges from fraying, finish the seams. This can be done with a serger if you have one, or you can use a zigzag stitch on your regular sewing machine.
5. Press the Seams: To make everything neat and tidy, press the seam allowance towards the center of the Back piece. Pressing gives your sewing a polished look.
6. Treat as One Piece: Now that you've successfully joined the Back Side and Back Center pieces, consider them as a single Back piece for your future sewing steps.
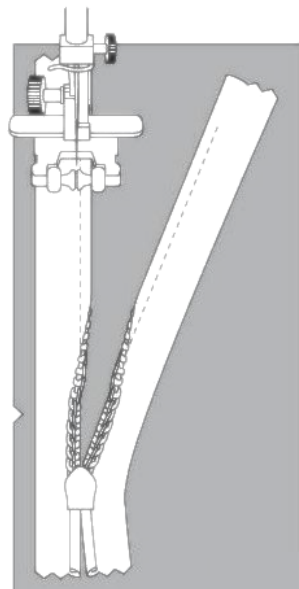
6. **CENTER BACK ZIPPER**

- Fold under the seam allowances along the center back seam. Push them down with your hand, but do not press them.

- Open the dress zipper. Put it down onto the center back edge, right sides together. The teeth of the zipper should be matched with the center back of the garment. The edge of the zipper tape is directed towards the edge of the seam allowance.

- Line up the upper end of the zipper 1mm lower than the marked stitch line of the neckline edge (not the edge of the seam allowance of the neckline) and baste the zipper tape to the seam allowance of center back. Do not baste through both layers of the main fabric, but to the seam allowance only. It is best to baste with slanted stitches at the center of the zipper tape. Baste both the left and the right sides of the zipper, from the upper edge downwards.

- Install the invisible zipper foot.

- Push down the teeth of the left side of the zipper with the nail of your index finger, and thread them into the special groove of the zipper foot. Make sure to uncurl the spiral of the zipper with your nail a bit, so that you can see the future stitch line. Adjust the position of the needle and stitch the zipper close to teeth. Make sure that the stitch line is exactly at the center back line. Stop at 2 cm from the slider. Leave long ends, pull them to

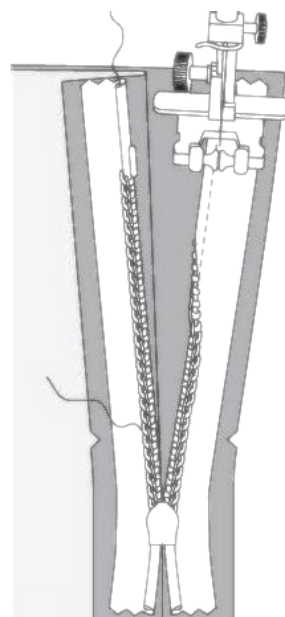the wrong side, tie a knot and cut thread. (See Figure 1)

- Repeat for the right side of the zipper. Start stitching at the top and proceed downwards toward the hem. You may need to readjust the position of the needle depending on your zipper foot. (See Figure 2)

- Close the zipper.

- Baste the center back seam, folding away the lower end of the zipper, so that you can baste it up to the stitch line of the zipper.

- Install the zipper foot. Sew the center back seam from the lower edge (or the vent upper corner, if there's a vent) and stitch as closely as you can to the end of the zipper.
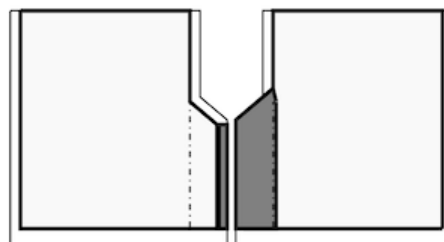
- Remove baste stitches. Slipstitch the base of the opening for zipper. Press the seam apart, pressing the opening for the zipper at the same time.
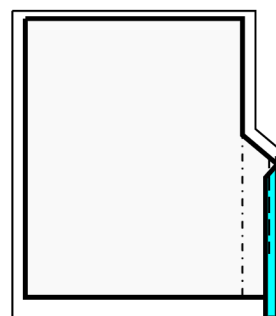
7. **VENT**

IMPORTANT: Depending on the length of the skirt and the silhouette your garment may or may not have vent. Skip this step if there is no vent on back skirt.

- Cut a tape from fusible interfacing, 5/8 inch wide, along the grain, and apply it to the seam allowance of the right skirt from the wrong side, leaving a distance of 0.1 cm between the line marking the seam allowance of the vent and the fusible interfacing (see Figure 1).

- Cut a shape of the vent area with the seam allowances, wider by 0.5 cm. Apply the piece to the area of the vent on the left skirt, from the wrong side. The fusible interfacing should pass the fold line of the vent by 0.5 cm (see Figure 1).

- Mark center seam line (vent fold-line) from the right side.

- Serge the vertical and the upper slanted edges of the vents separately on both skirts.

- Fold under the seam allowance along the vertical edge of the vent on the right skirt, and topstitch it, stopping at approximately 6 cm from the lower edge. (See Figure 2).

- Pin right skirt to left skirt, right sides together, align the center back seams, and the vent edges. Baste together along the upper edge of the vent.

- -Sew the center back seam, then 1/2 inch down, and turn and stitch along the slanted vent edge, all the way up to the vertical edge of the vent on the left skirt. (See Figure 3).

- Clip into the corner of seam allowance between the center back seam and the slanted upper edge of the vent on the right skirt.
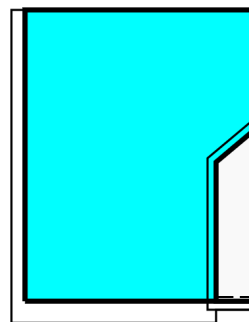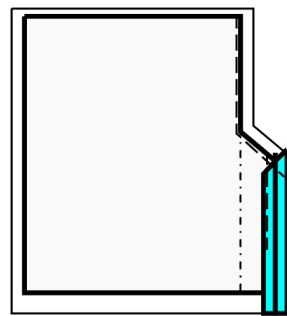
- Press the center back seam apart.

- Press the seam allowance for the vent on the left skirt in such a way, that the fold of the vent continues the center back seam.

- On the left skirt, sew a stitch line from the fold of the vent to the vertical edge of the seam allowance of the vent, along the hem line. Cut away the seam allowance, leaving 1 cm (3/4 inches). Trim the corner. Turn right side out and press. (See Figure 4)

- Baste together the layers of the vent along the slanted edge and the vertical edge of the inner part of the vent.

- Sew a fixing stitch from the right side, from the center back seam along the slanted edge of the vent (see the technical drawing).

8. Pin the Front to the Back, matching the armhole corner, and the waist level. Sew the side seam. Serge the seam press it towards the Back.

9. INSERTING STRAPS & SEWING FACING ALONG THE TOP EDGE

- Sew side seams of back and front top edge facings. Serge the lower edge of the facing.

- Pin facing onto Shell right sides together, adjusting neckline edges. Insert the front straps according to the markings. Fold the facing away all the way along EXCEPT for the area 5 mm from the edge of dress zipper and pin it to upper edge of garment. Fold seam allowances along zipper onto right side and pin to neckline on top of facings.

- Sew the top edge continuously. Clip into curves, turn pieces right side out and press.

- Put on garment, adjust length of straps, serge lower edges and fasten them to back facing.

- Slipstitch the facing to the seam allowances along the side edges. Slipstitch facing to zipper tape.

10. HEM FINISHING
  a. **Serge Hem** Using a serger or overlock machine, serge the raw edge of the hem to prevent fraying.
  b. **Turn Under and Press:** Turn the serged edge of the hem towards the wrong side of the fabric. Press the folded hem in place with an iron to create a crisp edge.

c. **Topstitch or Slip Stitch:** Choose your desired finishing method:
   ◦ **Topstitch:** Sew a straight stitch along the folded edge of the hem, securing it in place.
   ◦ **Slip Stitch:** Use a hand sewing needle and matching thread to invisibly stitch the folded hem to the main fabric.

TECHNICAL DRAWING: